دروس اللغة العربية

Lessons of the Arabic Language

لِغَيْرِ النَّاطِقِينَ بِهَا

For Non-Native Speakers

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي

Book 2

الدكتور ف. عبد الرحيم

Dr. V. Abdul Rahim

Annotated Solutions

Lesson 1

Javid Sheikh

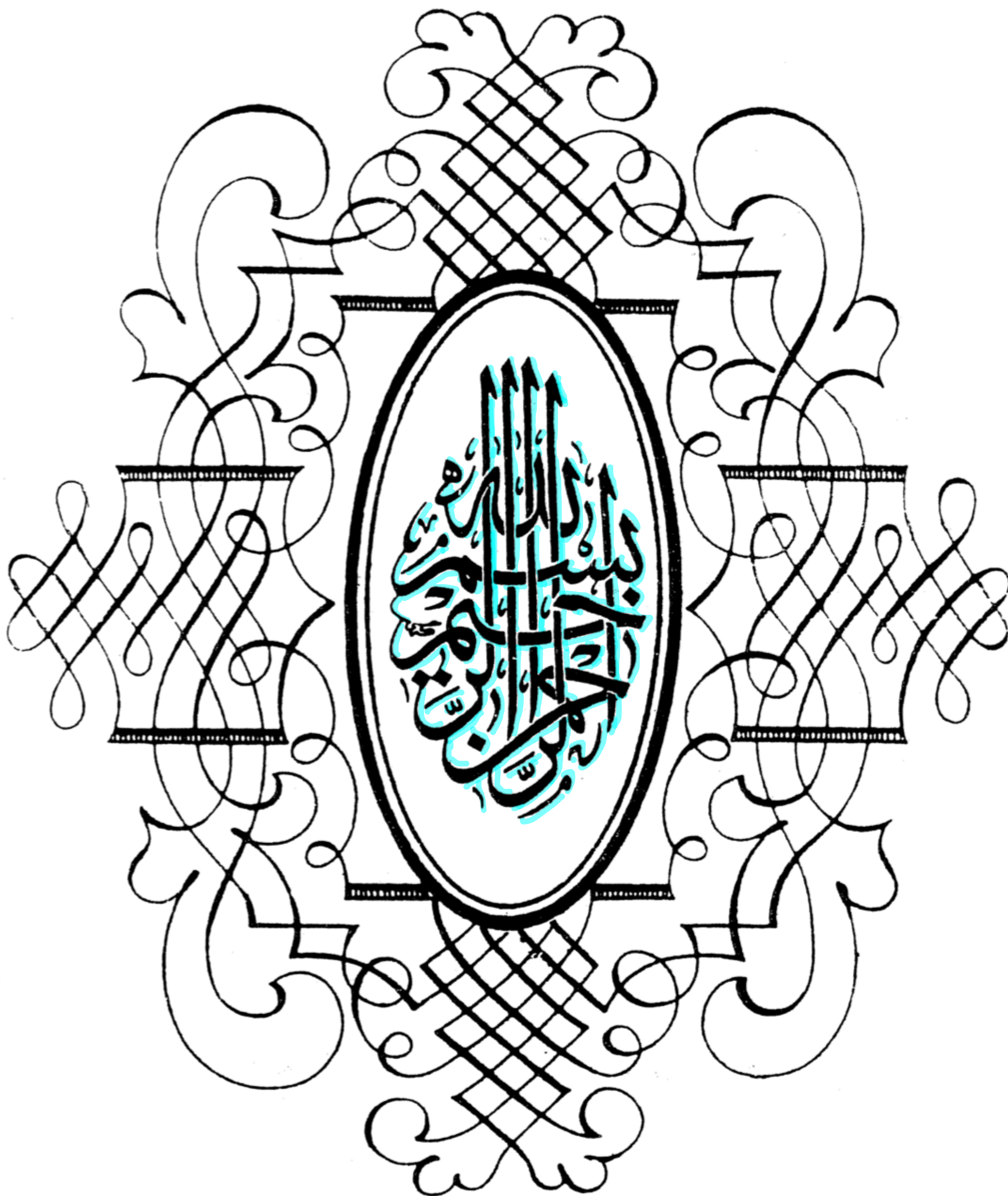
لُغَةُ الْقُرْآنِ
مسي ساغا

Language of the Qur'an
Mississauga

Revision History

Date	Rev.	Author	Revision Comments
2018-08-01	0	Javid Sheikh	First release
2019-10-10	1	Javid Sheikh	Added vocabulary and revision table. Changed cover page.
2021-05-21	2	Javid Sheikh	Minor corrections.
2024-02-15	3	Javid Sheikh	Minor corrections. Changed cover page.

Note:
Translations of the Qur'anic ayahs given in this lesson are based on the literal translation of the Arabic words to help promote an understanding of the Holy Qur'an in its original language. For the mainstream translation of the ayahs, please consult the Qur'an translations offered by Saheeh International and/or others.


بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

The First Lesson (١) اَلــدَّرْسُ الْأَوَّلُ

هَاشِمٌ : السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ .

- Hashim: Peace be upon you and Allah's Mercy and His Blessings.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلَامُ وَرَحْمَةُ اللهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ .

- The teacher: And upon you peace be as well and Allah's Mercy and His Blessings.

هَاشِمٌ : كَيْفَ حَالُكَ يَاأُسْتَاذُ؟ لَعَلَّكَ بِخَيْرٍ .

- Hashim: How are you O'teacher? I hope you are fine.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: اَلْحَمْـدُ لِلّٰهِ . وَكَيْفَ حَالُـكَ أَنْتَ يَاهَـاشِمُ؟ أَنَـا أُحِبُّـكَ كَثِيرًا يَاهَاشِمُ . إِنَّكَ طَالِبٌ ذَكِيٌّ وَمُجْتَهِدٌ وَذُوْ خُلُقٍ . . . أَمِنْ بَاكِسْتَانَ أَنْتَ أَمْ مِنَ الْهِنْدِ يَاهَاشِمُ ؟

'Used for emphasis' (أَنْتَ)

- The teacher: All praise is for (belongs to) Allah (SWT). And how are you, O'Hashim? I love you a lot, O'Hashim. You are indeed an intelligent and hardworking student and have good manners. Are you from Pakistan or India, O'Hashim?

هَاشِمٌ : إِنِّي مِنَ الْهِنْدِ .

- Hashim: Indeed I am from India.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: وَزَمِيلُكَ الَّذِي خَرَجَ مَعَكَ الْآنَ مِنَ الْفَصْلِ ، أَهُوَ أَيْضًا مِنَ الْهِنْدِ ؟

- The teacher: And your classmate who left with you just now from the classroom, is he also from India?

هَاشِمٌ : لَا ، إِنَّهُ مِنْ بَاكِسْتَانَ .

- Hashim: No, surely he is from Pakistan.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: إِنَّ سَاعَتَكَ جَمِيلَةٌ يَاهَاشِمُ . أَمِنَ الْيَابَانِ هِيَ ؟

- The teacher: Indeed your watch is beautiful, O'Hashim. Is it from Japan?

هَاشِمٌ : لَا ، إِنَّهَا مِنَ الْهِنْدِ .

- Hashim: No, indeed it is from India.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: أَغَالِيَةٌ هِيَ أَمْ رَخِيصَةٌ ؟

- The teacher: Is it expensive or cheap?

هَاشِمٌ : إِنَّهَا رَخِيصَةٌ جِدًّا . إِنَّهَا بِمِائَةِ رُوبِيَّةٍ فَقَطْ .

- Hashim: Surely, it is very cheap. It is only for one hundred rupees.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: كَمْ أَخًا لَكَ يَاهَاشِمُ ؟

- The Teacher: How many brothers you have, O'Hashim?

هَاشِمٌ : لِي ثَلَاثَةُ إِخْوَةٍ.
- Hashim : I have three brothers.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: أَطُلَّابٌ هُمْ ؟
- The teacher: Are they students?

هَاشِمٌ : لَا ، إِنَّهُمْ تُجَّارٌ.
- Hashim : No, indeed they are merchants.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: وَكَمْ أُخْتًا لَكَ ؟
- The teacher : And how many sisters you have?

هَاشِمٌ : لِي أَرْبَعُ أَخَوَاتٍ .
- Hashim : I have four sisters.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: أَفِي الْهِنْدِ هُنَّ الْآنَ؟
- The teacher : Are they in India right now?

هَاشِمٌ : لَا ، إِنَّهُنَّ هُنَا بِالْمَدِيْنَةِ الْمُنَوَّرَةِ مَعَ أَبِي وَأُمِّي .
- Hashim : No, they are here in Madina-til-Munawara with my father and my mother.

اَلْمُدَرِّسُ: أَطَالِبَاتٌ هُنَّ ؟
- The Teacher: Are they (f, pl) students?

هَاشِمٌ : لَا ، إِنَّهُنَّ مُدَرِّسَاتٌ بِالْمَدْرَسَةِ الثَّانَوِيَّةِ .
- Hashim : No, surely they are (f, pl) teachers at the secondary school.

تَمَارِيْنُ
Exercises

١ ـ أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئِلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ :

1- Answer the following questions:

(١) مِنْ أَيْنَ هَاشِمٌ؟ (٢) أَيُحِبُّهُ الْمُدَرِّسُ؟

(٣) مِنْ أَيْنَ سَاعَتُهُ؟ (٤) بِكَمْ هِيَ ؟  See next page

(٥) كَمْ أَخًا لَهُ؟ (٦) كَمْ أُخْتًا لَهُ؟

(٧) أَيْنَ أَخَوَاتُهُ؟



١ ـ أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئِلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ :

Answer the following questions:

(١) مِنْ أَيْنَ هَاشِمٌ؟ (٢) أَيُحِبُّهُ الْمُدَرِّسُ؟

(٣) مِنْ أَيْنَ سَاعَتُهُ؟ (٤) بِكَمْ هِيَ؟

(٥) كَمْ أَخًا لَهُ؟ (٦) كَمْ أُخْتًا لَهُ؟

(٧) أَيْنَ أَخَوَاتُهُ؟

1) Where is Hashim from?
He is from India.

١. هُوَ مِنَ الْهِنْدِ

2) Does the teacher love him?
Yes, the teacher loves him a lot.

2. نَعَمْ، يُحِبُّهُ الْمُدَرِّسُ كَثِيْرًا

3) Where from is his watch?
His watch is from India.

3. سَاعَتُهُ مِنَ الْهِنْدِ

4) How much is it?
It is one hundred rupees.

4. هِيَ بِمِائَةِ رُوْبِيَّةٍ

5) How many brothers he has?
He has three brothers.

5. لَهُ ثَلَاثَةُ إِخْوَةٍ

6) How many sisters he has?
He has four sisters.

6. لَهُ أَرْبَعُ أَخَوَاتٍ

7) Where are his sisters?
Indeed they are in Madina-til-Munawara.

7. إِنَّهُنَّ بِالْمَدِيْنَةِ الْمُنَوَّرَةِ

Continue on Next Page

٢ ــ ضَعْ هَذِهِ الْعَلَامَةَ (✓) أَمَامَ الْجُمَلِ الصَّحِيْحَةِ، وَهَذِهِ الْعَلَامَةَ (✗) أَمَامَ الْجُمَلِ الَّتِي لَيْسَتْ صَحِيْحَة :

2- Put this sign (✓) in front of correct sentences, and this sign (✗) in front of incorrect sentences.

(١) أ ✗ هَاشِمٌ طَالِبٌ كَسْلَانُ. — Hashim is a lazy student. (A)
ب ✓ هَاشِمٌ طَالِبٌ مُجْتَهِدٌ. — 1. Hashim is a hard-working student. (B)

(٢) أ ✓ سَاعَتُهُ رَخِيصَةٌ. — His watch is cheap.
ب ✗ سَاعَتُهُ غَالِيَةٌ. — 2. His watch is expensive.

(٣) أ ✗ سَاعَتُهُ بِأَلْفِ رُوبِيَّةٍ. — His watch is for 1000 rupees.
ب ✓ سَاعَتُهُ بِمِائَةِ رُوبِيَةٍ. — 3. His watch is for one hundred rupees.

(٤) أ ✓ أَخَوَاتُهُ بِالْمَدِيْنَةِ الْمُنَوَّرَةِ. — His sisters are in Madina-til-Munawara.
ب ✗ أَخَوَاتُهُ بِالْهِنْدِ. — 4. His sisters are in India.

٣ ــ تَأَمَّلْ مَا يَلِي :

3- Ponder over the following:

		Indeed +		
إِنَّ + هُوَ = إِنَّهُ	He		إِنَّ + هُمْ = إِنَّهُمْ	They
إِنَّ + هِيَ = إِنَّهَا	She		إِنَّ + هُنَّ = إِنَّهُنَّ	They (f)
إِنَّ + أَنْتَ = إِنَّكَ	You		إِنَّ + أَنْتُمْ = إِنَّكُمْ	You (Pl)
إِنَّ + أَنْتِ = إِنَّكِ	You (f)		إِنَّ + أَنْتُنَّ = إِنَّكُنَّ	You (Pl)(f)
إِنَّ + أَنَا = إِنَّنِي / إِنِّي	I		إِنَّ + نَحْنُ = إِنَّنَا / إِنَّا	We

نُونُ الْوِقَايَةِ
إِنَّ + ن + ي

٤ ــ أَدْخِلْ (إِنَّ) عَلَى الْجُمَلِ الْآتِيَةِ :

4- Enter (إِنَّ) to the following sentences:

(١) هُوَ تَاجِرٌ. إِنَّهُ تَاجِرٌ — Indeed he is a merchant.
(٢) أَنَا طَالِبٌ. إِنِّي طَالِبٌ — 2) Indeed I am a student.
(٣) هُمْ مِنَ الْيَابَانِ. إِنَّهُمْ مِنَ الْيَابَانِ — Indeed they are from Japan.
(٤) أَنْتُمْ أَذْكِيَاءُ. إِنَّكُمْ أَذْكِيَاءُ — 4) Indeed you (pl) are intelligent.
(٥) هِيَ مُتَزَوِّجَةٌ. إِنَّهَا مُتَزَوِّجَةٌ — Indeed she is married.
(٦) نَحْنُ مُسْلِمُوْنَ. إِنَّا مُسْلِمُوْنَ — 6) Indeed we are muslims.
(٧) أَنْتُنَّ مُجْتَهِدَاتٌ. إِنَّكُنَّ مُجْتَهِدَاتٌ — Indeed you (pl, f) are hardworking.
(٨) هُنَّ مُسْلِمَاتٌ. إِنَّهُنَّ مُسْلِمَاتٌ — 8) Indeed they (f) are muslims.
(٩) أَنْتَ رَجُلٌ غَنِيٌّ. إِنَّكَ رَجُلٌ غَنِيٌّ — Indeed you are a rich man.
(١٠) أَنْتِ ذَكِيَّةٌ. إِنَّكِ ذَكِيَّةٌ — 10) Indeed you (f) are intelligent.

٥ ـ اِقْـرَأْ الْأَمْثِلَـةَ الْآتِيَـةَ : 5- Read the following examples.

(١) اَلْمُدَرِّسُ جَدِيْدٌ . إِنَّ الْمُدَرِّسَ جَدِيْدٌ . 1, Indeed the teacher is new.

(٢) فَاطِمَةُ طَبِيْبَةٌ . إِنَّ فَاطِمَةَ طَبِيْبَةٌ . 2, Indeed Fatima is a doctor.

(٣) حَامِدٌ مُتَزَوِّجٌ . إِنَّ حَامِدًا مُتَزَوِّجٌ . 3, Indeed Hamid is married.

٦ ـ أَدْخِلْ (إِنَّ) عَلَى الْجُمَلِ الْآتِيَةِ وَاضْبِطْ أَوَاخِرَ الْكَلِمَاتِ : 6- Enter (إِنَّ) to the following sentences and adjust words' endings:

(١) اَلدَّرْسُ صَعْبٌ . إِنَّ الدَّرْسَ صَعْبٌ — Indeed the lesson is difficult.

(٢) اَلسَّيَّارَةُ جَمِيْلَةٌ . إِنَّ السَّيَّارَةَ جَمِيْلَةٌ . — 1, Indeed the car is beautiful.

(٣) اَلْقُرْآنُ كِتَابُ اللهِ . إِنَّ الْقُرْآنَ كِتَابُ اللهِ — Indeed the Qur'an is book of Allah.

(٤) مُحَمَّدٌ (ﷺ) رَسُولُ اللهِ . إِنَّ مُحَمَّدًا رَّسُولُ اللهِ — 4, Indeed Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah.

(٥) آمِنَةُ طَالِبَةٌ . إِنَّ آمِنَةَ طَالِبَةٌ — Indeed Amina is a student.

(٦) اَللُّغَةُ الْعَرَبِيَّةُ سَهْلَةٌ . إِنَّ اللُّغَةَ الْعَرَبِيَّةَ سَهْلَةٌ — 6, Indeed the Arabic language is easy.

(٧) هَذِهِ السَّاعَةُ غَالِيَةٌ . إِنَّ هَذِهِ السَّاعَةَ غَالِيَةٌ — Indeed this watch is expensive.

(٨) بِلَالٌ غَبِيٌّ . إِنَّ بِلَالًا غَبِيٌّ — 8, Indeed Bilal is stupid.

(٩) اَلْمُدِيرُ فِي الْفَصْلِ . إِنَّ الْمُدِيرَ فِي الْفَصْلِ — Indeed the principal is in the classroom.

(١٠) اَلْمَاءُ بَارِدٌ . إِنَّ الْمَاءَ بَارِدٌ — 10, Indeed the water is cold.

اَلسَّيَّارَةُ جَمِيْلَةٌ — اَلْمُبْتَدَأُ / اَلْخَبَرُ

إِنَّ السَّيَّارَةَ جَمِيْلَةٌ — اِسْمُ إِنَّ / خَبَرُ إِنَّ

٧ ـ تَأَمَّلِ الْمِثَالَيْنِ، ثُمَّ كَوِّنْ جُمَلًا مِثْلَهُمَا مِنَ الْكَلِمَاتِ الْآتِيَةِ : 7- Consider the two examples. Then make sentences like those examples from the following words.

اَلْمِثَالُ الْأَوَّلُ : أَمِنَ الْهِنْدِ أَنْتَ أَمْ مِنْ بَاكِسْتَانَ ؟ First example — Are you from India or from Pakistan?

اَلْمِثَالُ الثَّانِي : أَطَبِيبٌ أَنْتَ أَمْ مُهَنْدِسٌ ؟ Second example — Are you a doctor or an engineer?

(١) أَنْتَ / مُجْتَهِدٌ / كَسْلَانُ أَمُجْتَهِدٌ أَنْتَ أَمْ كَسْلَانُ — 1, Are you hardworking or lazy?

(٢) هِيَ / اَلصِّيْنُ / اَلْيَابَانُ أَمِنَ الصِّيْنِ هِيَ أَمْ مِنَ الْيَابَانِ؟ — 2, Is she from China or Japan?

(٣) أَنْتِ / طَبِيبَةٌ / مُمَرِّضَةٌ أَطَبِيبَةٌ أَنْتِ أَمْ مُمَرِّضَةٌ ؟ 3, Are you a doctor (f) or a nurse (f) ?

(٤) هُمْ / نَصَارَى / يَهُودٌ أَنَصَارَى هُمْ أَمْ يَهُودٌ ؟ 4, Are they Christians or Jews ?

(٥) هَذَا / مَسْجِدٌ / مَدْرَسَةٌ أَمَسْجِدٌ هَذَا أَمْ مَدْرَسَةٌ ؟ 5, Is this a masjid or a school ?

(٦) هَذِهِ / سَيَّارَةُ الْمُدِيرِ / سَيَّارَةُ الْمُدَرِّسِ أَسَيَّارَةُ الْمُدِيرِ هَذِهِ أَمْ سَيَّارَةُ الْمُدَرِّسِ ؟ 6, Is this car of the principal or car of the teacher ?

(٧) أَنْتَ / مُتَزَوِّجٌ / عَزَبٌ أَمُتَزَوِّجٌ أَنْتَ أَمْ عَزَبٌ ؟ 7, Are you married or unmarried

(٨) هُنَّ / خَالَاتُكَ / عَمَّاتُكَ أَخَالَاتُكَ هُنَّ أَمْ عَمَّاتُكَ ؟ 8, Are they your maternal aunts or paternal aunts ?

(٩) هُوَ / بَاكِسْتَانَ / إِيرَانَ أَمِنْ بَاكِسْتَانَ هُوَ أَمْ مِنْ إِيرَانَ 9, Is he from Pakistan or from Iran ?

(١٠) بَيْتُكَ / قَرِيبٌ / بَعِيدٌ أَقَرِيبٌ بَيْتُكَ أَمْ بَعِيدٌ ؟ 10, Is your house near or far ?

٨ ـ تَأَمَّلِ الْأَمْثِلَةَ الْآتِيَةَ لِـ (ذُو) :

8- Ponder over the following examples with (to possess).

(١) مُدِيرُنَا ذُو لِحْيَةٍ طَوِيلَةٍ . 1, Our principal has a long beard.

(٢) هَذَا الدَّفْتَرُ ذُو وَرَقٍ مُسَطَّرٍ . 2, This note book has lined papers.

(٣) أَحْمَدُ طَالِبٌ ذُو عِلْمٍ وَخُلُقٍ . 3, Ahmad is a student with knowledge and manners.

(٤) هَذَا الْقَمِيصُ ذُو كُمٍّ قَصِيرٍ، وَذَاكَ ذُو كُمٍّ طَوِيلٍ . 4, This shirt has short sleeves and that has long sleeves.

(٥) اَلْمَسْجِدُ الَّذِي فِي حَيِّنَا ذُو مَنَارَةٍ وَاحِدَةٍ . 5, The masjid which is in our district (area) has one minaret.

٩ ـ اِقْرَأِ الْأَمْثِلَةَ، ثُمَّ حَوِّلِ الْجُمْلَةَ الْآتِيَةَ مِثْلَهَا :

9- Read the examples, then change the following sentence like the examples:

(أ) هَذَا الطَّالِبُ ذُو خُلُقٍ . This student possesses (has) good manners
(ب) هَؤُلَاءِ الطُّلَّابُ ذَوُو خُلُقٍ . A) These students possess (have) good manners.

(ج) هَذِهِ الطَّالِبَةُ ذَاتُ خُلُقٍ . This student (f) possesses (has) good manners.
(د) هَؤُلَاءِ الطَّالِبَاتُ ذَوَاتُ خُلُقٍ . C) These students (f) possess (have) good manners.

(١) هَذَا الرَّجُلُ ذُو مَالٍ كَثِيرٍ . This man possesses (has) a lot of money
(٢) هَؤُلَاءِ الرِّجَالُ ذَوُو مَالٍ كَثِيرٍ 2) These men possess (have) a lot of money.

(٣) هَذِهِ الْمَرْأَةُ ذَاتُ مَالٍ كَثِيرٍ This woman possesses (has) a lot of money
(٤) هَؤُلَاءِ النِّسَاءُ ذَوَاتُ مَالٍ كَثِيرٍ 4) These women possess (have) a lot of money.

10- Enter (لَعَلَّ) to the following sentences knowing that لَعَلَّ is sister of إِنَّ.

١٠ ــ أَدْخِلْ (لَعَلَّ) عَلَى الْجُمَلِ الْآتِيَةِ عِلْماً بِأَنَّ (لَعَلَّ) مِنْ أَخَوَاتِ (إِنَّ) :

(١) هُوَ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّهُ بِخَيْرٍ — I hope he is fine

(٢) هُمْ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّهُمْ بِخَيْرٍ — 2) I hope they are fine.

(٣) هِيَ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّهَا بِخَيْرٍ — I hope she is fine

(٤) هُنَّ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّهُنَّ بِخَيْرٍ — 4) I hope they (f) are fine.

(٥) أَنْتَ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّكَ بِخَيْرٍ — I hope you are fine

(٦) أَنْتُمْ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّكُمْ بِخَيْرٍ — 6) I hope you (pl) are fine.

(٧) أَنْتِ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّكِ بِخَيْرٍ — I hope you (f) are fine.

(٨) أَنْتُنَّ بِخَيْرٍ. لَعَلَّكُنَّ بِخَيْرٍ — 8) I hope you (pl, f) are fine.

(٩) أَنَا نَاجِحٌ. لَعَلِّي نَاجِحٌ — I hope I am successful.

(١٠) نَحْنُ نَاجِحُوْنَ. لَعَلَّنَا نَاجِحُوْنَ — 10) I hope we are successful.

(١١) اَلْمُدِيْرُ فِيْ غُرْفَتِهِ. لَعَلَّ الْمُدِيرَ فِي غُرْفَتِهِ — I hope the principal is in his room.

(١٢) اَلْاِخْتِبَارُ سَهْلٌ. لَعَلَّ الْاِخْتِبَارَ سَهْلٌ — 12) I hope the exam is easy.

11- Read the two examples, then complete the following sentences by placing غَالٍ or غَالِيَةٌ in the empty places:

١١ ــ اِقْرَأِ الْمِثَالَيْنِ، ثُمَّ أَكْمِلِ الْجُمَلَ الْآتِيَةَ بِوَضْعِ (غَالٍ) أَوْ (غَالِيَةٌ) فِي الْأَمَاكِنِ الْخَالِيَةِ :

(أ) هٰذَا الْقَلَمُ غَالٍ (أَصْلُهُ: غَالِيٌ). غَالِ+يٌ ← غَالِ يٌ = غَالٍ — A) This pen is expensive.

(ب) هٰذِهِ السَّاعَةُ غَالِيَةٌ. — B) This watch is expensive.

(١) اَلْكُتُبُ الْعَرَبِيَّةُ غَالِيَةٌ فِي بَلَدِنَا. — 1) The Arabic books are expensive in our country.

(٢) هٰذَا الْكِتَابُ رَخِيْصٌ وَذَاكَ غَالٍ — 2) This book is cheap and that is expensive.

(٣) هٰذَا الْمُعْجَمُ بِمِائَةِ رِيَالٍ. هُوَ غَالٍ — 3) This dictionary costs one hundred Riyals. It is expensive.

(٤) هٰذِهِ الْحَقِيْبَةُ غَالِيَةٌ — 4) This bag is expensive.

12- Read the two examples, then read the following sentences. After that write down the numbers in letters.

١٢ ــ اِقْرَأِ الْمِثَالَيْنِ، ثُمَّ اقْرَأِ الْجُمَلَ الْآتِيَةَ. بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ اُكْتُبْهَا مَعَ كِتَابَةِ الْأَعْدَادِ الْوَارِدَةِ فِيْهَا بِالْحُرُوْفِ :

١٠٠ = مِائَةُ رَجُلٍ / مِائَةُ اِمْرَأَةٍ.

One Hundred men / One Hundred women

One Thousand women / One Thousand men

١٠٠٠ = أَلْفُ رَجُلٍ / أَلْفُ ٱمْرَأَةٍ.

(١) هَذَا ٱلتِّلْفَازُ بِـ ١٠٠٠ رِيال. هَذَا ٱلتِّلْفَازُ بِأَلْفِ رِيَالٍ
1, This television costs one thousand Riyals.

(٢) عِنْدِي ١٠٠٠ دُولَارٍ. عِنْدِي أَلْفُ دُولَارٍ
2, I have one thousand dollars.

(٣) فِي هَذَا ٱلْكِتَابِ ١٠٠ صَفْحَةٍ. فِي هَذَا ٱلْكِتَابِ مِائَةُ صَفْحَةٍ
3, In this book are one hundred pages.

(٤) بِكَمْ هَذِهِ ٱلْحَقِيبَةُ؟ هِيَ بِـ ١٠٠ رِيَالٍ. هِيَ بِمِائَةِ رِيَالٍ
4, How much is this bag? It is one hundred Riyals.

(٥) فِي هَذِهِ ٱلْكُلِّيَّةِ ١٠٠ طَالِبٍ مِنْ بَاكِسْتَانَ وَ١٠٠ طَالِبٍ مِنْ إِنْدُونِيسْيَا.
فِي هَذِهِ ٱلْكُلِّيَّةِ مِائَةُ طَالِبٍ مِنْ بَاكِسْتَانَ وَمِائَةُ طَالِبٍ مِنْ إِنْدُونِيسْيَا
5, In this faculty, one hundred students are from Pakistan and one hundred students are from Indonesia.

13- ١٣ ـ كَوِّنْ جُمَلًا مُسْتَعْمِلًا ٱلْكَلِمَاتِ ٱلْآتِيَةَ:
Make sentences using the following words:

ذَكِيٌّ ① ـ مِائَةٌ ② ـ مُتَزَوِّجٌ ③ ـ عَزَبٌ ④ ـ خُلُقٌ ⑤ ـ دُولَارٌ ⑥ ـ غَالٍ ⑦.

① إِنَّ بِلَالًا ذَكِيٌّ
② هَذَا ٱلْمُعْجَمُ بِمِائَةِ دُولَارٍ
③ ④ حَامِدٌ مُتَزَوِّجٌ وَبِلَالٌ عَزَبٌ
⑤ حَامِدٌ طَالِبٌ ذُو خُلُقٍ
⑥ عِنْدِي مِائَةُ دُولَارٍ
⑦ هَذَا ٱلْقَلَمُ غَالٍ

ٱلْكَلِمَاتُ ٱلْجَدِيدَةُ: The New Words

Intelligent ذَكِيٌّ (ج Pl أَذْكِيَاءُ).	Stupid غَبِيٌّ (ج Pl أَغْبِيَاءُ).	Manner خُلُقٌ (ج Pl أَخْلَاقٌ). Manners
One Hundred مِائَةٌ.	One Thousand أَلْفٌ.	Rupee رُوبِيَّةٌ (ج Pl رُوبِيَّاتٌ). Rupees
Married مُتَزَوِّجٌ.	Unmarried (Bachelor) عَزَبٌ (ج Pl أَعْزَابٌ). Bachelors	A Jew يَهُودِيٌّ (ج يَهُودٌ). Jews
Dictionary مُعْجَمٌ (ج Pl مَعَاجِمُ).	Dollar دُولَارٌ (ج دُولَارَاتٌ). Dollars	A Page صَفْحَةٌ (ج صَفَحَاتٌ). Pages
Successful نَاجِحٌ (ج Pl نَاجِحُونَ).	Expensive غَالٍ.	Sleeve كُمٌّ (ج أَكْمَامٌ). Sleeves

ٱلصَّفْحَةُ الْأَخِيرَةُ مِنْ هَذَا الْمِلَفِّ

The last page of this file